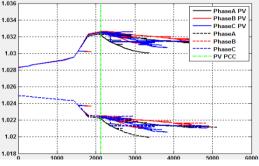
1 Substation PV PCC 7415







Impact of PV Variability and Ramping Events on Distribution Voltage Regulation Equipment

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Introduction



- As the penetration of PV increases on the distribution system, there is rising concern about the interaction between PV variability and the system voltage regulation equipment.
- The impact of PV variability on voltage regulation equipment is separated into two categories:
 - The short-term variability can occur faster than the voltage regulation equipment, such as on-load tap changer (OLTC), can react, which causes extreme transient voltages during the PV ramp.
 - The long-term variability with frequent fluctuations in PV output can increase the number of total tap changes, leading to quicker degradation of equipment.
- Develop methods for analyzing this impact quickly and efficiently for interconnection screening

Background

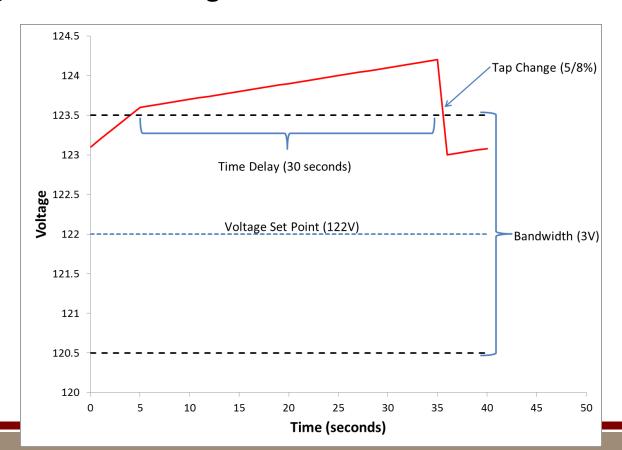


- Load Tap Changers (LTCs) and Voltage Regulators (VREGS)
 - Regulate the voltage by changing the tap of a transformer while maintaining current flow
 - Changes taps to keep the output voltage at the VREG setpoint within a certain bandwidth
 - Time delay (generally 30 to 60 seconds) from the voltage going out of band until the control action
- Tap changes create wear and tear on the device
- Quasi-static time series (QSTS) power flow analysis
 - Captures time-dependent aspects of power flow, including the interaction between the daily changes in load and PV output

Short-Term PV Variability Extreme Ramp Analysis

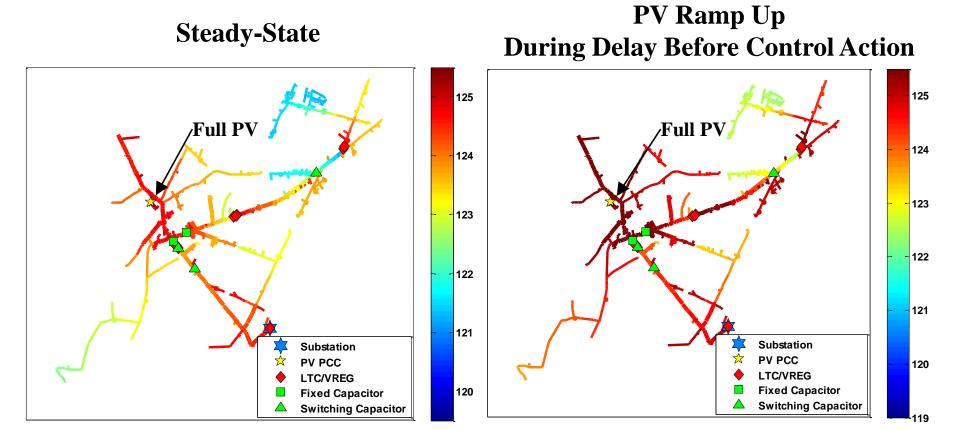


 Extreme ramps in PV output can cause voltage issues before the end of the delay time when the tap change returns the voltage to normal range



Extreme Voltages During Ramp



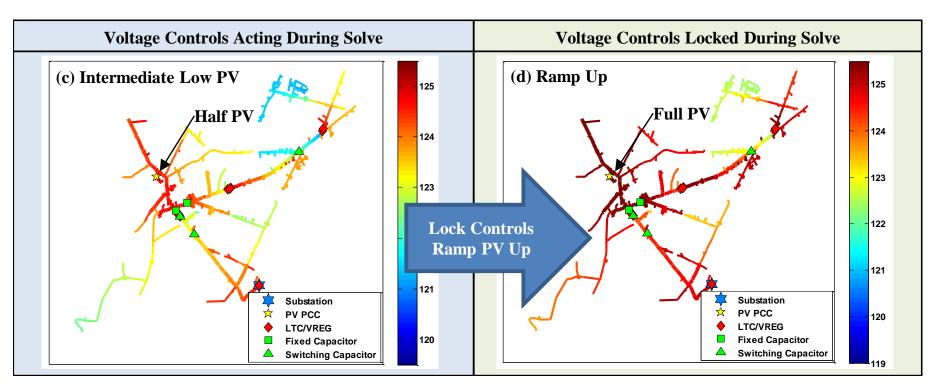


 Detect any issues from PV ramps with QSTS simulation of the PV output profile for the year for all PV ramps

PV Ramp Up Analysis

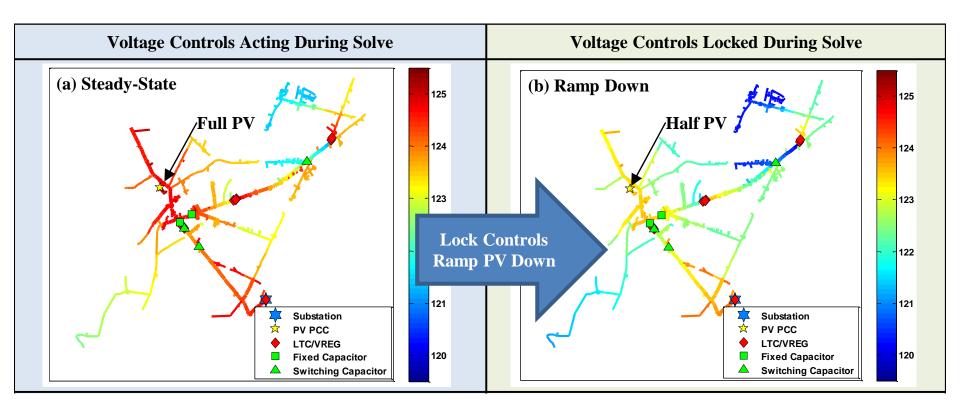


- New method for simulating issues from extreme PV ramps
 - Only simulate the worst case ramp, top 0.1% of 1-minute ramps
 - Do not need to simulate the whole ramp, just the top and bottom



PV Ramp Down Analysis

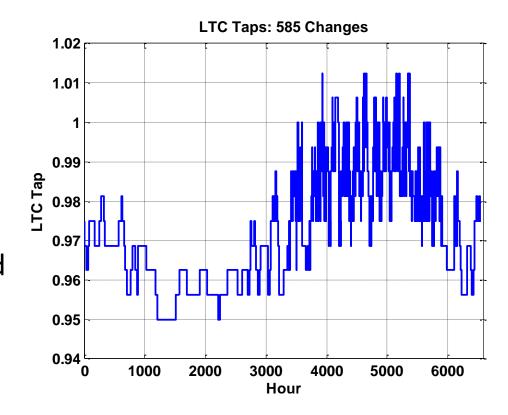




Long-Term PV Variability Tap Change Analysis



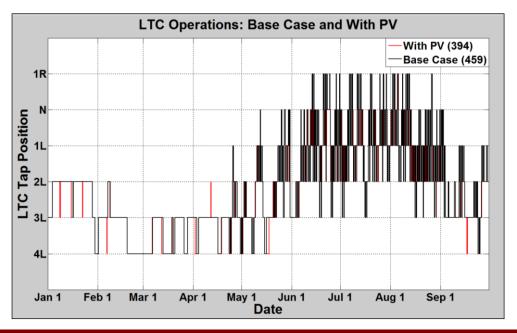
- Voltage regulators were designed for slow daily variability in load, not the high variability from PV
- High penetrations of PV on the feeder can increase the number of tap changes, and degradation of the equipment



Complexity of Modeling Tap Changes



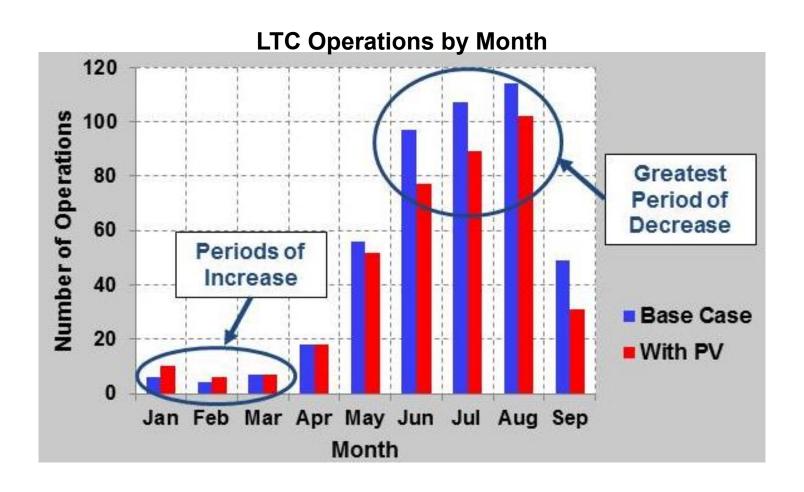
- High resolution data with appropriate local load and solar variability
- Modelling regulator controls
- Interaction between smart inverters and regulator load drop compensator control



	Base Case	With PV	Percent Change
LTC Tap Changes	459	394	-14%

PV Impact to Tap Changes Variation by Time of Year





Conventional Simulation Method

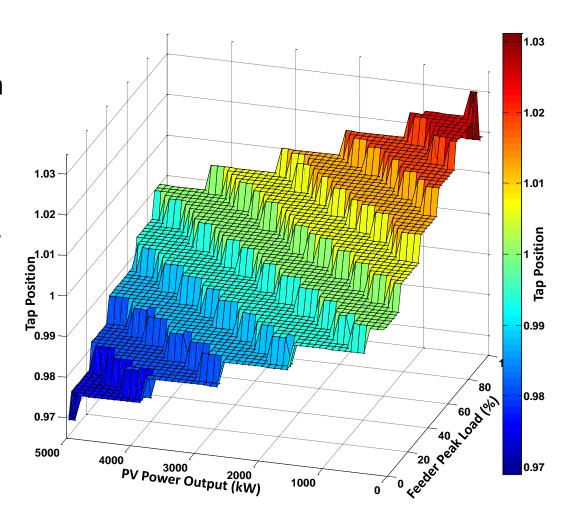


- The number of tap changes is simulated using QSTS
- Must have accurate high resolution data, and simulate long time periods to account for seasonal changes
- A 1-second resolution QSTS simulation for a 1 year period takes about 24 hours of computation
- To improve the interconnection process, a faster method is required
- Simple criteria like the ability of PV to force a tap change does not capture the full picture

New way to Simulate Tap Position



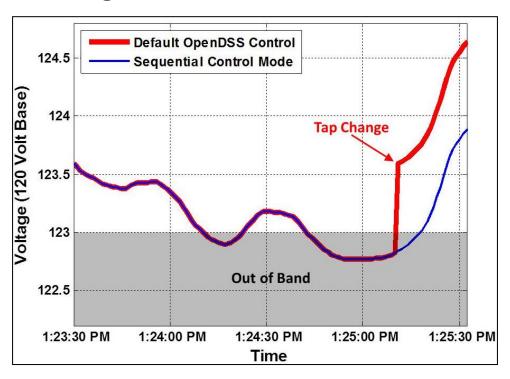
- Regulator tap position can be determined as a function of PV output and feeder load
- Using this function and the annual load and PV profiles, the tap can be determined for every time point in the year along with the total number of tap changes



Regulator Previous State



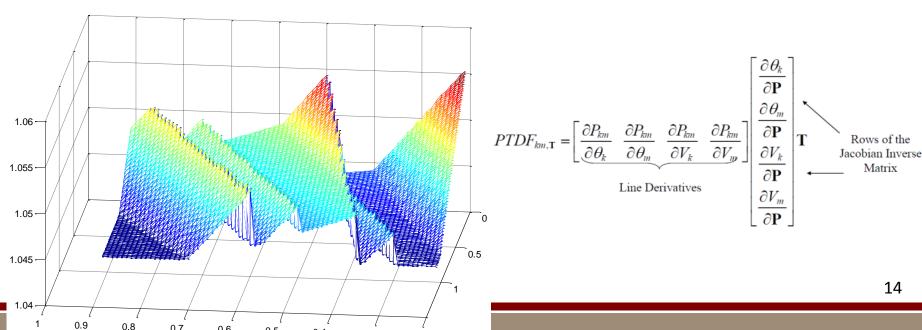
- Cannot just use the tap position function because regulator controls are also dependent on their previous state
- Whether a tap change actually occurs is due to the delay time and the control logic



Simulate Tap Position Using Voltage



- Model the high-side voltage of the regulator as a function of load and PV output
 - Determine heuristically testing combinations of load and PV values
 - Calculate using power transfer distribution factors (PTDF's)
- Analyze the tap position through time, modeling all delays and keeping downstream voltage within band



0.3

0.2

Conclusions



- Two methods are proposed for screening potential PV systems for adverse impacts of PV variability on the distribution system without using time-series simulations.
- First, a technique to accurately characterize extreme feeder voltages due to high PV ramp rates is demonstrated using voltage regulation equipment locking and expected extreme PV ramping scenarios.
- Second, a method is described to determine the potential impact of a PV system on regulator tap changes using a voltage function to model the tap position throughout an entire year.
- Each of these methods aids in decreasing the complexity and length of time involved in screening potential PV interconnections.

References



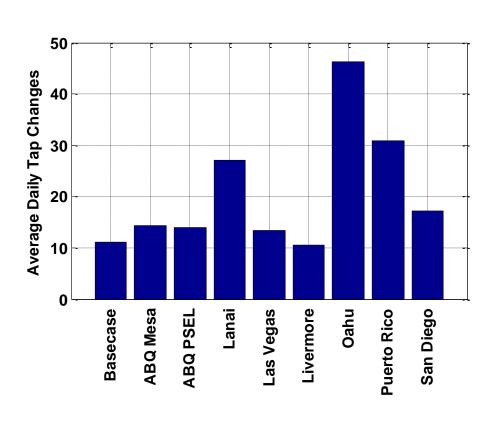
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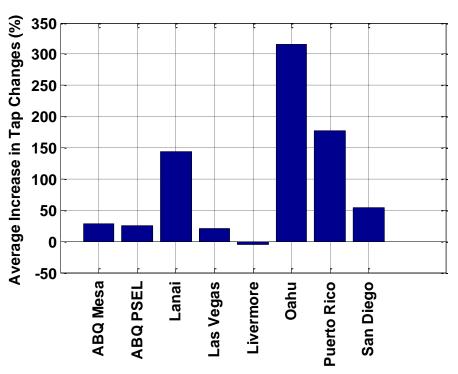
Questions?



PV Impact to Tap Changes Variation with Irradiance Data



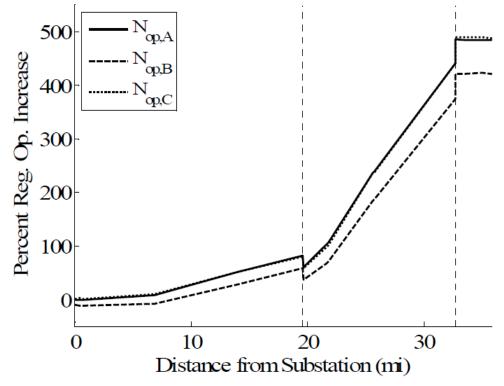




PV Impact to Tap Changes Variation by Location



 Percent increase in tap operations depending on the interconnection location along the length of the main 3-phase trunk



B. A. Mather, "Quasi-static time-series test feeder for PV integration analysis on distribution systems," in IEEE Power and Energy Society General Meeting, 2012.

Background on QSTS



- PV output is highly variable and the potential interaction with control systems may not be adequately analyzed with traditional snapshot tools and methods
- Quasi-static time series (QSTS) power flow analysis
 - Captures time-dependent aspects of power flow, including the interaction between the daily changes in load and PV output
 - Simulation performed in OpenDSS

